# Water governance at the river basin level

The case of the Júcar Hydrographic Confederation



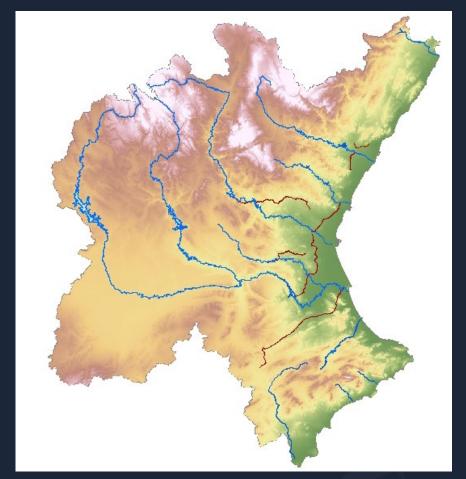








#### **Main features**



Surface 44,800 km<sup>2</sup>
Population 5,500,000 inhabitants.
Irrigated area 400,000 ha
Water demand 3,250 Hm<sup>3</sup>
50% Surface water

46,000 km of channels

**22 CHJ Reservoirs** 

**5 Channels** 

3 Transfers

5 Desalination plants



### **Brief history**

- 1. Creation of the Hydrographic Confederations 1926 (Combining public and private interests)
- 2. Júcar Hydrographic Confederation 1934
- 3. Current structure 1989



#### **Public functions**

- 1. Management of the hydraulic public domain in general (authorizations and reports)
- 2. Police of the hydraulic public domain
- 3. Control networks (quality and quantity)
- 4. Construction and operation of hydraulic works (dams, canals...)
- 5. Hydrological Planning



#### Main bodies (public and private interests)

- 1. Governance Body (Administrations and users)
- 2. River Basin District Water Council (administrations, users and environmental interests)
- 3. Committee of competent authorities (administrations)
- 4. Reservoir-Withdrawal Commission (Users)
- 5. Hydraulic Works Board (Users)



#### **Governance Issues**

Fragile Balance between Res

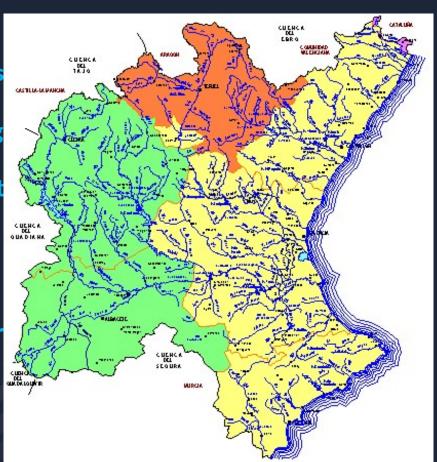
Irregularity in the rainfall reg

Irrigation consumes 80% of

**Territorial imbalances** 

4 autonomous communities, municipalities (shared power

**Water Police** 





## Confederación Hidrografica del lucar





#### **EURO-INBO 2023**

**Diffuse pollution** 

Implementation of European directives

**Shared competencies** 

**Drought and flood management** 



## **Challenges**

**Financing** 

Make public/private interests compatible

**Involve other actors** 





# Thank you

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MINISTERIO PARA LA TRANSICIÓN ECOLÓGICA Y EL RETO DEMOGRÁFICO

CONFEDERACIÓN HIDROGRÁFICA DEL JÚCAR O. A.