



The role of the citizen



Europe's citizens are increasingly demanding a cleaner environment

- clean water for drinking
- clean water for bathing
- clean and ecological sound rivers, lakes and coastal waters as part of their environment, their local and regional heritage



Diversity of problems throughout Europe



- Pollution of our groundwaters, rivers, lakes and regional seas
- flood events, but also water scarcity
- over-abstraction of groundwaters
- destruction of aquatic ecosytems and wetlands
- erosion and desertification
- challenge of EU enlargement to Central and Eastern Europe and Mediterranean countries



River basins in Europe





European Water Policy

- "First wave" of Water Directives Quality: Surface water (1975); Drinking water (1980); Bathing water (1976); Dangerous substances (1976); Fish water (1978); Shell fish water (1979); Ground water (1980)
- From 1987, co-operation with parliament
- "Second wave" of Water Directives pollution control: Urban Waste Water Directive (1991); Nitrates directive (1991); IPPC (1996); Pesticides (1991)



Key Elements of the WFD

- Integrated Management of Water resources at the level of the river basin,
- covers all waters; surface, groundwater, estuarine and coastal waters,
- Achievement of good status (ecological and chemical) by 2015,
- Cost recovery: Use of economic instruments,
- Transboundary rivers also require integrated approach,
- Public participation



Environmental objectives

√ Surface water

No deterioration; Good ecological, chemical status; Restoration of polluted waters

√ Ground water

No deterioration; Good qualitative and quantitative status; Balance between abstraction and recharge; Restoration of polluted waters

✓ Protection zones

Respect all norms and criteria for the protection zones (Nature protection, Bathing, Nitrate sensitive zones, new drinking water areas)



Implementation Timetable

- **2003 Transposition into national legislation**
- **2003 Identification of River Basin District**
- 2004 Analysis of pressures, impacts, use
- **2006 Monitoring programmes operational**
- **2006 Start Consultation with public**
- **2009 River Basin Management Plan**
- **2010 Pricing policies**
- **2012 Programme of measures operational**
- 2015 Environmental objectives



Integrated Management at the Level of the River Basin

River Basin Management Plan

- Characteristics of River Basin Districts
- Analysis of pressures and impacts, economic analysis
- Monitoring network
- Established environmental objectives and derogations
- Program of measures
- Results of public participation



Implementation Strategy: Shared challenges



- Ambitious objectives and demanding timetable
- ⇒ Risks of wrong application because of complexity of the technical requirements
- Large shared river basins (Danube, Elbe, Odra)
- Capacity of administrations



New implementation strategy required



Implementation strategy: Objectives

Efficient, coherent and comparable implementation

- > Coherence and comparability
- > Common understanding and approach
- > Joint efforts and activities
- > Limit risks of bad application
- > Share experience and information
- Develop guidance
- > Improve information management



Implementation Strategy: Activities

- Information exchange and raising awareness (2002-ongoing)
- Developing guidance documents (2002)
- Geographical information systems (2002/2003)
- ⇒ Testing in pilot river basins (2003/2004)
- ✓ Manual for integrated river basin management (2004/2005)



IMPLEMENTATION Strategy:

State-of-play

Progress to date:

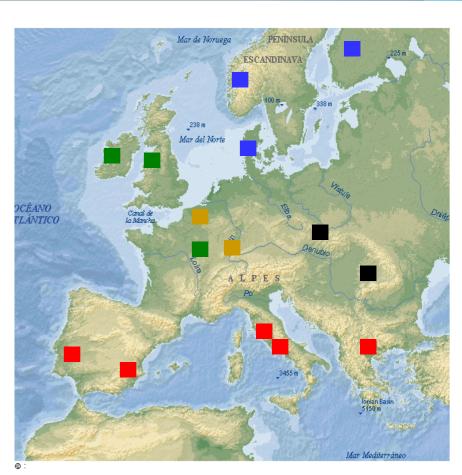
- ⇒ Finalization of <u>eleven</u> guidance documents and <u>four</u> technical reports (>1500 pages)
- Setting up of pilot river basin network currently 15 pilots in 18 countries
- Establishment of extensive expert network
- Increasing awareness through numerous activities



Pilot River Basins

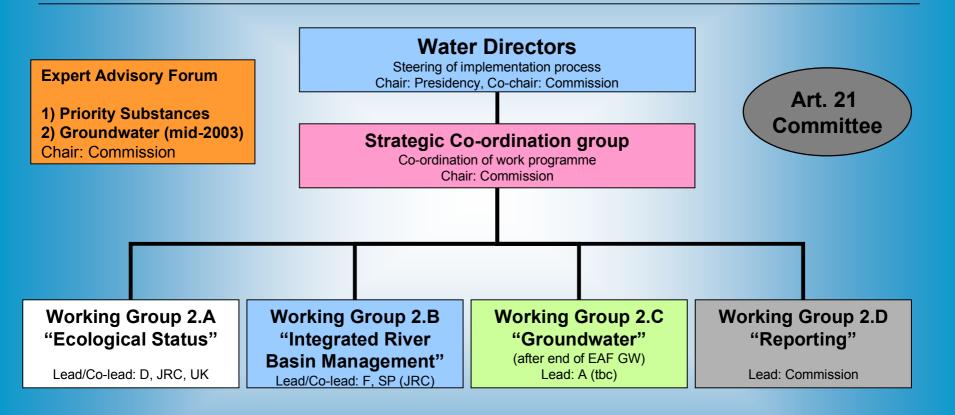


- B, F, NL (Scheldt),
- D, F, Lux (Moselle-Sarre)
- France (Marne)
- Ireland (Shannon)
- UK (Ribble)
- Denmark (Odense)
- Finland (Oulujoki)
- Norway
- Portugal (Guadiana)
- Spain (Júcar)
- Greece (Pinios)
- Italy (Tevere, Cecina)
- HU/ROM (Somos)
- PL, CZ, D (Neisse)





New organisation 2003/2004

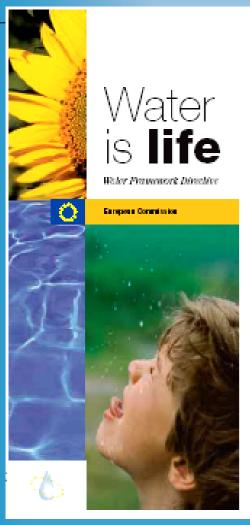


Stakeholders, NGO's, Researchers, Experts, etc.



Further information





Internet

http://europa.eu.int/comm/ environment/water

Folders and brochures in 11 languages

Contact addressSylvie.detoc@cec.eu.int







On environmental policy incl. water:

http://www.europa.eu.int/comm/environment

WFD CIRCA Information Exchange Platform:

http://forum.europa.eu.int/Members/irc/env/wfd/home



Further information on the Internet



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Europa

The European Commission



Environment

The EU Water Framework Directive - integrated river basin management for Europe









On 23 October 2000, the "Directive 2000/60/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the Community action in the field of water policy" or short the **EU Water Framework Directive** (or even shorter the WFD) was finally adopted.

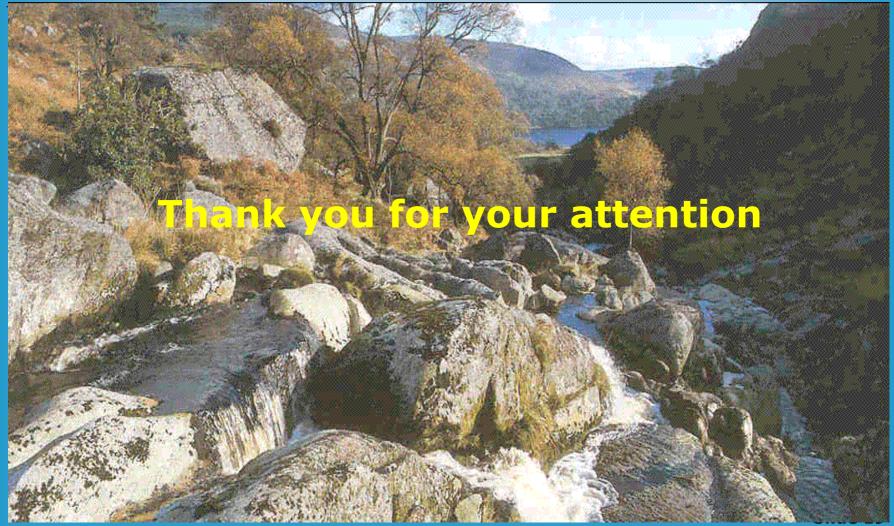
Please find below the text of the Directive which was published in the Official Journal (OJ L 327) on 22 December 2000 and entered into force the same day:

es da de el en fr it nl pt fi sv

However, even after reading the Directive, you may have still questions, such as: What is this Directive about? What do I need to know about the Directive? What is correctly happening in









Evolvement of Water Legislation

WFD TODAY

Bathing Water

Drinking Water

Surface Water

Fish Water

Shellfish Water

Ground water

Urban Waste Water

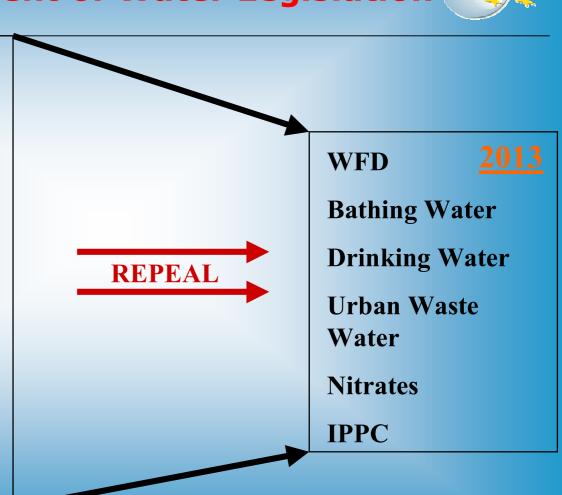
Nitrates

IPPC

Exchange of Information

Decision Surface Waters

Dangerous Substances





Monitoring



- Surveillance monitoring: assessment of long-term changes
- Operational monitoring: establish status in bodies of water identified as being at risk of failing to meet objectives
- Investigative monitoring: where the reason for exceedances is unknown