Regional Exchange on IWRM Experiences in Mekong 15-16 Oct 2014 Vientiane, Laos



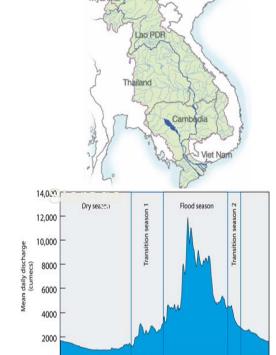


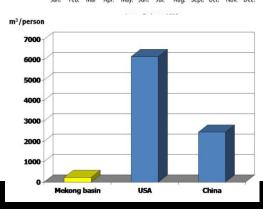
Basin development planning: bringing regional and national planning closer together

Dr. Anoulak Kittikhoun, Coordinator Basin Development Plan Programme Mekong River Commission Secretariat Mekong development: meeting the needs, keeping the balance

Difficult hydrology (wet and dry seasons) and limited water infrastructure

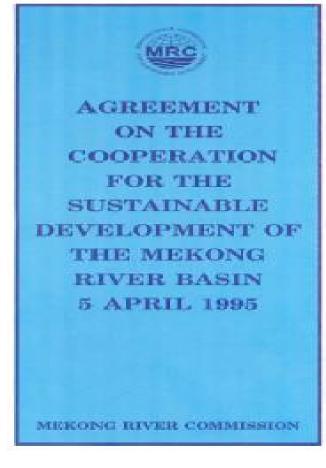
- Six riparian countries (four MRC members), each with national plan for water resources development and management (parts of the basin had been developed, while others under-developed)
- Despite impressive economic growth over the last decade, much of the lower Basin remains poor malnutrition poses great challenges
- Increasing demand for water resources development to reduce poverty, support an increasing population
- The 1995 Mekong Agreement supports meeting the needs as well as keeping the balance





MRC has clear mandate in 1995 Agreement: basin-wide planning, cooperation, mutual benefits, joint development

Article 1: <u>to cooperate</u> in all fields of sustainable development, utilization, management & conservation of water and related resources of Mekong...... <u>to optimize multiple-use & mutual benefits of all riparians</u>...



Article 2: ...with emphasis & preference on joint &/or basin-wide development through formulation of basin development plan, that would be used to identify, categorise & prioritise the projects & programmes... to implement at basin level



Different phases of the MRC Basin Development Planning



BDP Phase 1 (2001-2006): Established participatory planning process, tools and initial studies and capacity building

BDP Phase 2 (2007-2011): Produced a comprehensive assessment and a basin-wide strategy

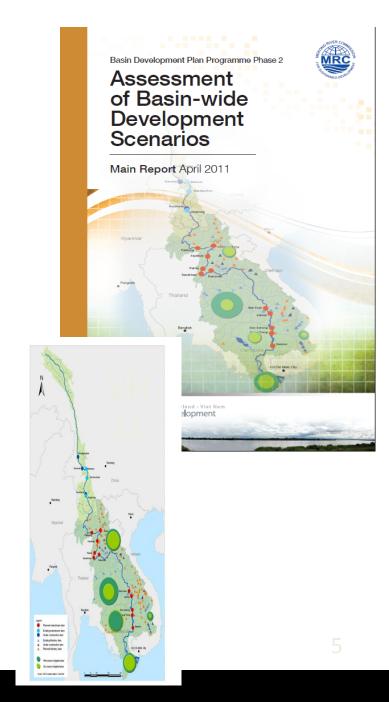
- Basin-wide development scenarios
- Basin Development Strategy

BDP 2011-2015: Implementing and updating the IWRM-based Basin Development Strategy

Basin Action Plan = 1 Regional Action Plan + 4 National Indicative Plans

BDP2 (2007-2011)

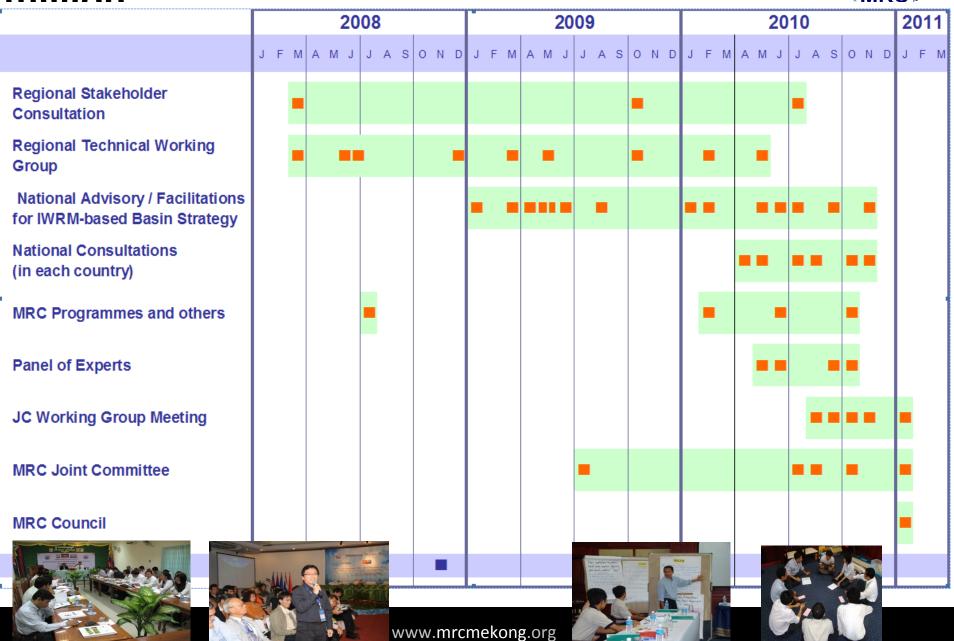
- Conducted a basin-wide cumulative impact assessment of the basin countries' national plans (formulated in basin-wide development scenarios)
- We know the benefits and risks of plans in all major water and related sectors, including hydropower and irrigation (in 5 yrs, 20 yrs, and 50 yrs time)
- with and without climate change impacts (reported in 14 volumes)



Wide stakeholder engagement: over \$2

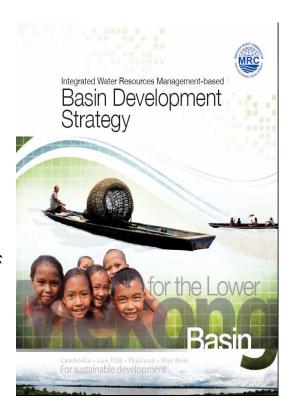
million





The Basin Development Strategy

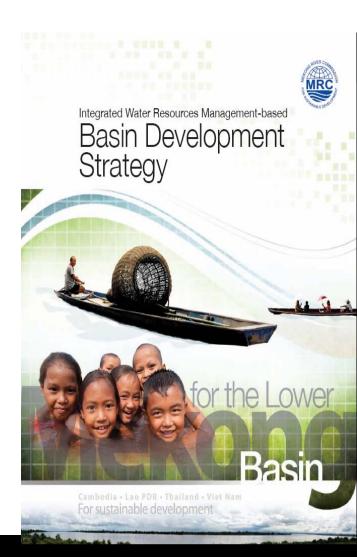
- Based on basin-wide assessment and consultations, the Basin Development Strategy was approved by the MRC Council of ministers in 2011
- How the MRC member countries will share, utlize, manage and conserve the water and related resources of the Mekong
- Development opportunities
- Irrigated agriculture
- Hydropower (tributary and some mainstream)
- Other water-related sectors (fisheries, navigation, flood & drought, watershed, tourism and environment, etc)
- <u>15 Strategic Priorities</u> for basin development and basin management



The Basin Development Strategy recognizes



- Development Opportunity Space:
- Irrigated agriculture
- **Hydropower** (tributary and some mainstream)
- Other water-related sectors (fisheries, navigation, flood & drought, watershed, tourism and environment, etc)
- Maximize the opportunities but <u>manage the</u>
 <u>risks</u>
- How? <u>15 Strategic Priorities</u>
 - ✓ For Basin Development
 - ✓ For Basin Management



15 Strategic Priorities



For Basin Development

- ✓ Address opportunities & consequences of <u>on-going developments</u> incl. in Upper Mekong Basin
- ✓ Expand and intensify <u>irrigated agriculture</u>
- ✓ Sustainability of <u>hydropower</u> development
- ✓ Essential knowledge to address <u>uncertainties and risk</u>
- ✓ Options for <u>sharing the potential benefits</u> and costs of development
- ✓ <u>Climate change adaptation</u>
- ✓ Integration of basin development planning into national systems

For Basin Management

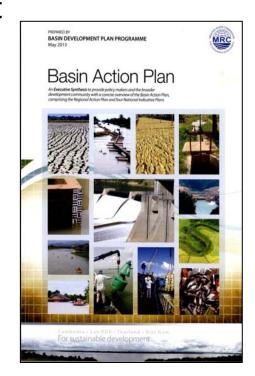
- ✓ Basin management strategies for water-related sectors
- ✓ Strengthen <u>national level water resources management processes</u>
- ✓ Strengthen <u>basin management</u> processes
- ✓ Environmental and social objectives and <u>baseline indicators</u>
- ✓ IWRM <u>capacity building</u> programme
- ✓ Studies and Guidelines

Basin Action Plan - investments leveraged by transboundary cooperation under the Mekong River Commission



The Basin Action Plan 2011-2015 to implement the Basin development Strategy comprises

- 4 National Indicative Plans: some 110 national structural and non-structural 'projects of basin-wide significance', valued at about US\$ 900 million (40% ongoing)
- 1 Regional Action Plan (=MRC Strategic Plan): regional studies and projects with a value of <u>US\$ 100 million</u> (75% ongoing)



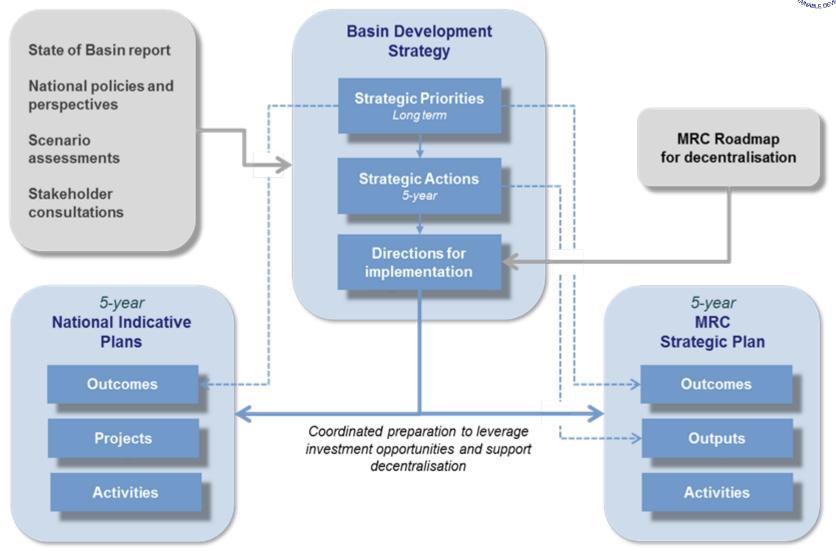
Updating of the BDS for 2016-2020

The Strategy is being updated this year (every five year cycle, as agreed by the Council) to take into account:

- —Impact and experiences of implementation
- Any additional or recent information and knowledge
- Review of national policies and plans
- Review of scenario assessment and other studies
- -Emerging regional trends in cooperation and integration (GMS, ASEAN, etc)
- The transition of the MRC towards focusing on core river basin management functions and re-structuring of the MRC secretariat

STREAMLINED APPROACH TO MRC STRATEGIC PLANNING





4th MRC Regional Forum on Basin Development 20-22th November 2014, Siem Reap







- ☐ Impact of the current Basin Development Strategy?
- Latest assessment of development trends, opportunities and risks in the water and related sectors across economic, social, environment, and climate change dimensions?
- ☐ Contributing to strategic basin planning work, including updating of the Basin Development Strategy?

>>> www.MRCMEKONG.org <<<

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THANK YOU

